Taxation in the Thai Bond Market

1. Traditional Debt Instruments

		Types of Income		
Types of Investors		Interest	Discount (for the first holder) (Difference between issue price and initial price)	Capital Gain
1.Thai tax resident N	latural Person	- Withholding tax at 15%, with the option not	- Withholding tax at 15%, with the option	- Withholding tax at 15% (except for zero coupon
Investors		to include in the annual personal income tax	not to include in the annual personal income	bonds), with the option not to include in the
		filing.	tax filing.	annual personal income tax filing.
- - -	uristic Person: Company or Juristic Partnership Foundation or Association Mutual Fund ⁽ⁱ⁾	- Withholding tax at 1% ^{1/} - Withholding tax at 10% - Withholding tax at 15% ^{2/} (treated as corporate income)	- Withholding tax at 1% ^{1/} - Withholding tax at 10% - Withholding tax at 15% ^{2/}	Subject to ordinary corporate income tax, No withholding tax - Exempt for Mutual Fund (treated as corporate income)
2 Non Theiten N	Natural Person	- Withholding tax at 15% ^{3/}	(treated as corporate income) - Withholding tax at 15% ^{3/}	Withholding tax at 15% ^{3/}
2.Non-Thai tax Non-Thai tax Non-Thai tax Non-Thai tax	iaturai Person	- withholding tax at 15%	- withholding tax at 15%	withholding tax at 15%
	uristic Person	- Withholding tax at 15% ^{4/}	- Withholding tax at 15%	Withholding tax at 15%

- (i) Mutual Fund is only taxed on income specified under Section 40(4)(a) of the Revenue Code (as of Section 65 bis(15) of the Revenue Code, amended by the Revenue Code Amendment Act (No. 52), B.E. 2562)
- (ii) Subject to Double Taxation Agreement
- 1/ According to Clause 4 of the Revenue Department Order No. Tor Por 4/2528:
 - Banks under the law governing commercial banking, Companies under the law governing operation of the business of finance, securities and credit foncier*, and asset management companies under the law governing asset management companies, are subject to withholding tax at 1% for the interest received but are not subject to withholding tax for the discount received.
 - * Financial Institutions specified before the asterisk are subject to Specific Business Tax (SBT) at the rate of 3% for interest and discount; however, by virtue of the Royal Decree No.469 under the Revenue Code regarding Tax Rate Reduction B.E.2551, the rate of SBT has been reduced to 0.01% for certain incomes including interest and discount received from debt instruments (amended by the Royal Decree No.525 B.E.2554)
- 2/ According to Section 67(3) of the Revenue Code as amended by the Revenue Code Amendment Act (No. 52), B.E. 2562, effective from 20 August, 2019.
- 3/ Except for bonds or debenture of Government, Governmental organizations, or Financial Institutions established by a specific law of Thailand for the purpose of extending loans to promote agriculture, commerce or industry, and the earner of such assessable income is not resident of Thailand as of Clause 21(2), Ministerial Regulation No. 126.
- 4/ Except for interests from bonds or debenture of Government or a Financial Institutions incorporated under the specific Thai laws for the purpose of lending to promote agriculture, commerce or industry.

2. Repo

Types of Income	Cash Borrower	Cash Lender
Capital Gain (Difference between cost and transferred price of collateral)	Corporate income tax: Exempted ^{1/} Special business tax (SBT): Exempted ^{2/}	
2. Repo Interest		Income tax: Included in year-end corporate income tax SBT: 0.01% of interest income tax
3. Interest on cash margin		Income tax: Included in year-end corporate income tax SBT : 0.01% of interest income tax
4. Manufactured Interest/ coupon	Foreign juristic persons are subject to 10% withholding tax for manufactured dividend and 15% for manufactured interest in order to receive tax exemption in 1.	Income tax: subject to withholding tax and lender is required to return full interest to the original owner of collateral. Lender can request for tax credit at the end of year. Such coupon is not considered a tax base for SBT. 4/
5. Stamp duty	Exempted 5/	Exempted ^{6/}

Royal Decree Regarding Exemption from Revenue Taxes (No.364) B.E.2542
Royal Decree Regarding Exemption from Revenue Taxes (No.392) B.E.2544
Financial institutions are subject to 0.01% Specific Business Tax for interest income. Amended by Royal Decree Regarding Reduction from Revenue Taxes (No.469) B.E.2551
Royal Decree Regarding to specific transaction of business and tax base for calculation subject to Specific Business Tax (No.350) B.E.2542, Notification of the Director-General of

Transaction (No.42) B.E.2545

3. Short Selling and Securities Lending (SBL)

Type of Income	Domestic Investors		Foreign Investors	
	Individuals	Corporate	Individuals	Corporate
Securities Lender				
- Transfer of	- Exempt from income tax	- Exempt from income tax	- Exempt from income tax	- Exempt from income tax 17
Securities and				
Collateral				
- Manufacturing	- 15% withholding tax for	- Include in the calculation of net profit for	- 15% withholding tax for interest and	- 15% withholding tax for interest and
Interest	interest and 10% for dividend.	the purpose of Corporate Income Tax.	10% for dividend Or include in the	10% for dividend. 1/
	Or include in the calculation		calculation of Personal Income Tax at	
	of Personal Income Tax at		the end of the year 1/	
	the end of the year.			
- Lending Fee and	- Withholding tax at income tax	- Include in the calculation of net profit for	- 15% withholding tax	- 15% withholding tax 2/
Rebate	rate and include in the	the purpose of Corporate Income Tax.		
	calculation of Personal			
	Income Tax at the end of the			
	year			
Securities Borrowe	r	L	1	L
- Transfer of	- Exempt from income tax	- Exempt from income tax	- Exempt from income tax	- Exempt from income tax
Securities and				
Collateral				
- Capital Gains	- Exempt from Income Tax	1. at the time of selling, income = income	- Exempt from Income Tax	- Withholding tax as per Section 70 of
		from short sale – cost		the Revenue Code
		2. at the time of buying the securities		
		back, income = closing price on the		
		date of entering into the contract - cost		
		of securities on the date of buying back		

^{1/} Royal Decree Regarding Reduction and Exemption from Revenue Taxes (No.331) B.E.2541 , Notification of the Director-General of the Revenue Department Regarding Exemption from income tax for Securities Borrower and Lender (No.74) B.E.2541 and (No.141) B.E.2548

^{2/} Double Tax Treaty agreement must be taken into consideration

4. Securitization

Taxpayer	Transactions	Tax Liabilities
Originator	- transfer of asset between SPV and originator	 exempted from VAT and SBT ^{1/, 2/} subject to Corporate Income Tax, transfer at a price lower than market
		value is considered justifiable
	- receive servicing fee	- subject to VAT and Corporate Income Tax
	- Contract and Document	- exempted from Stamp Duty 3/
Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV)	- transfer of asset between SPV and originator	- exempted from VAT ^{2/}
		- subject to Corporate Income Tax, transfer at a price lower than market
		value is considered justifiable
	- Contract and Document	- exempted from Stamp Duty ^{3/}
Investor	- receive interest from debenture	- 15% withholding tax

Royal Decree Regarding Exemption from Specific Business Tax (No.240) B.E.2534, Royal Decree Regarding Exemption from Specific Business Tax (No.334) B.E.2541 Royal Decree Regarding Exemption from Value Added Tax (No.239) B.E.2534, Royal Decree Regarding Exemption from Specific Business Tax (No.333) B.E.2541 Notification of the Director-General of the Revenue Department Regarding Exemption from Stamp Duty of Securitization Transaction (No.40) B.E.2542